Databases

2024-04-10

WHATIS A DATABASE?

A database is a structured, organized set of data.

In computing terminology a database refers to a software used to store and organize data.

Think of it as a file cabinet where you store data in different sections called tables.

Guess how many biological databases exist worldwide



We can find the answer in...



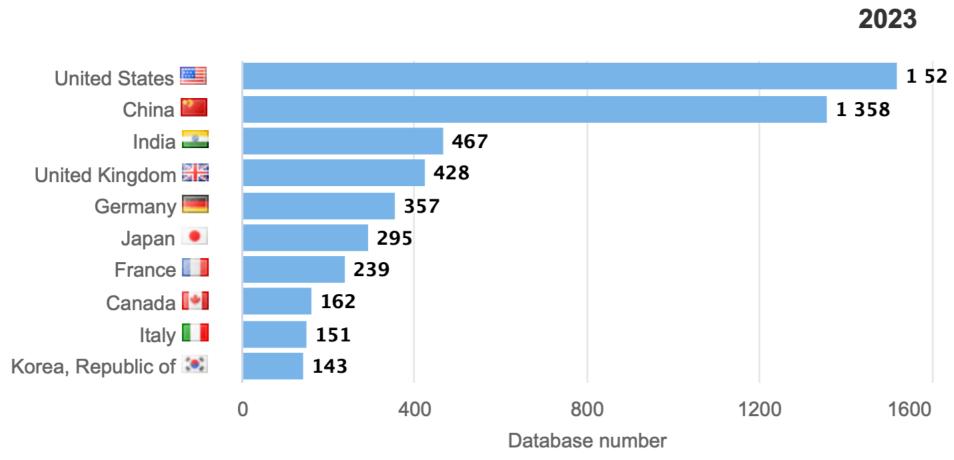
Lill Data Statistics

6389	13	1647
DATABASES	CATEGORIES	SPECIES
9872 PUBLICATIONS	2141 INSTITUTIONS	76 COUNTRIES / REGIONS

We can find the answer in...



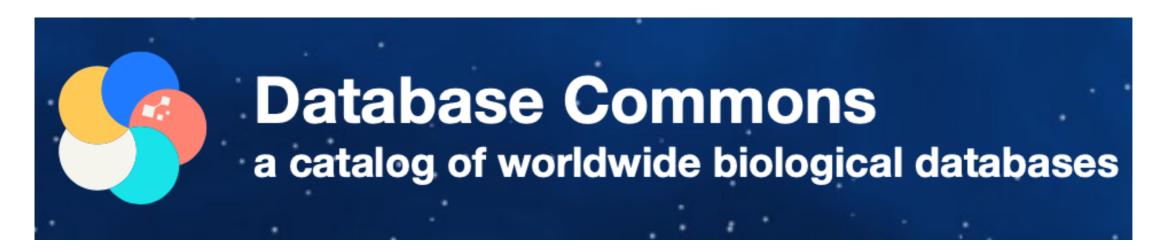
Annual increment of global biological databases



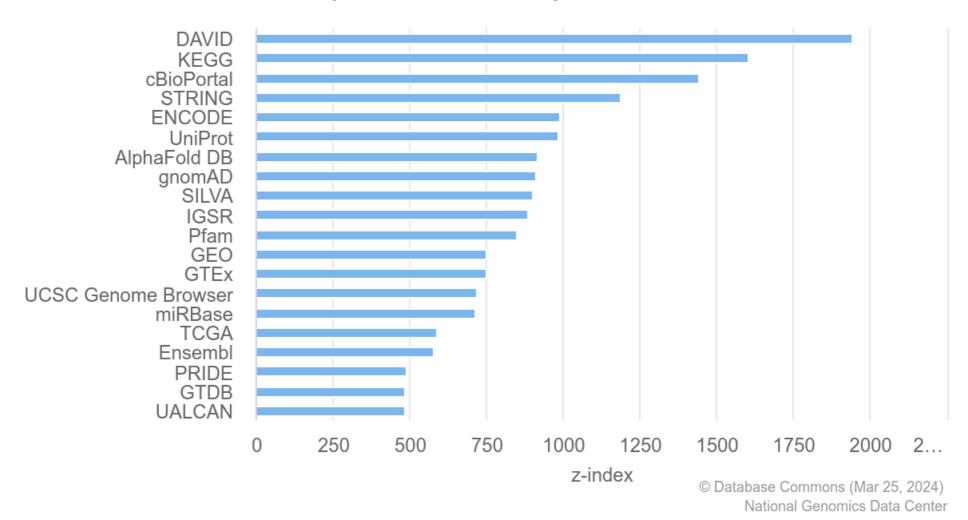
© Database Commons (Mar 13, 2024) National Genomics Data Center

https://ngdc.cncb.ac.cn/databasecommons/

We can find the answer in...



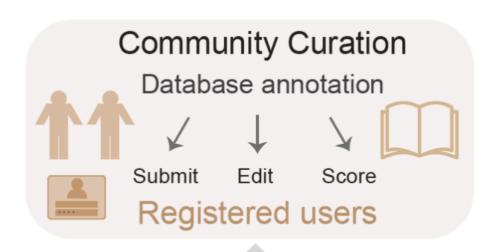
Top 20 databases by *z-index*

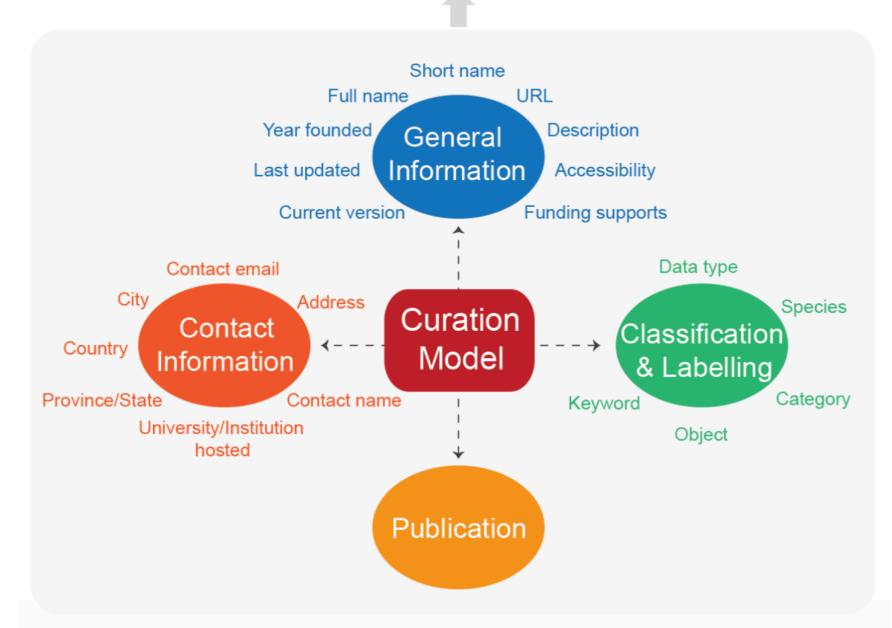


Z-index: Number of citations/Database age

https://ngdc.cncb.ac.cn/databasecommons/

How it works





Classification and labelling

Databases are classified based on data type, data object and database subjects. In addition, major species and keywords are tagged to further indicate the specific fields the database is related with.

Data Object

A database may encompass multiple data objects. In Database Commons, there are a total of 6 data objects as detailed below.

- 1 Animal
- 2 Plant
- 3 Fungi
- 4 Bacteria
- 5 Archaea
- 6 Virus

Classification and labelling

Data Type

A database may encompass multiple data types. In Database Commons, there are a total of 3 data types as detailed below.

- 1 DNA: gene/chromosome/genome sequence, DNA mutation/modification, DNA structure, DNA elements including probe, primer, motif, repeat sequence, etc.
- 2 RNA: RNA sequence, coding & non-coding transcripts, alternative splicing, RNA editing/modification, RNA probe and primer, RNA motif and structure, RNA expression
- 3 **Protein**: protein sequence, protein motif and domain, protein structure, protein modification, proteinprotein interaction, protein expression

Classification and labelling

Database Category

A database may encompass multiple database categories. In Database Commons, there are a total of 13 database categories as detailed below.

- 1 Raw bio-data: raw data of nucleic acid/protein sequencing and microarray, and image, digit, video, audio from biological and medical research
- 2 **Gene, genome and annotation**: gene/genetic element annotation, gene structure/family/motif/domain annotation, genome annotation, comparative genome (metagenome, pan-genome) analysis and annotation
- 3 **Genotype, phenotype and variation**: genotypes, phenotypes, multiple-scale variations (including SNP, INDEL, CNV, chromosomal rearrangement and other structural variation), genotype-phenotype associations
- 4 **Phylogeny and homology**: phylogeny reconstruction of genes/species, evolutionary history/process/event among individuals/organisms, homology identification
- 5 **Expression**: RNA/protein expression, expression abundance and pattern, RNA probe or primer used for gene expression detection, differential expression analysis
- 6 **Modification**: DNA modification, post-transcriptional modification of mRNA and non-coding RNA, post-translational modification of protein, modification type/technology/function
- 7 Structure: secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure of DNA/RNA/protein, chromatin structure
- 8 Interaction: direct (physical) and indirect (functional) associations, including protein-protein interaction, RNA-protein interaction, DNA-protein interaction, gene regulatory interaction, biochemical reaction, antigen and antibody, and genetic interaction
- 9 Pathway: biological pathways for metabolic, signaling, gene regulatory analysis
- 10 **Health and medicine**: disease variation/genotype-phenotype association, immune reaction, disease model, clinical biomarker, therapeutic target, drug & chemical compound, pharmacogenomics and pharmacodynamics, electronic health record
- 11 Standard, ontology and nomenclature: standard, ontology and nomenclature for biological entities
- 12 Literature: literature information, literature/text mining, textual annotation based on literature
- 13 Metadata: metadata information for biological entities, e.g., project/sample/experiment/run/database/tool

https://ngdc.cncb.ac.cn/databasecommons/

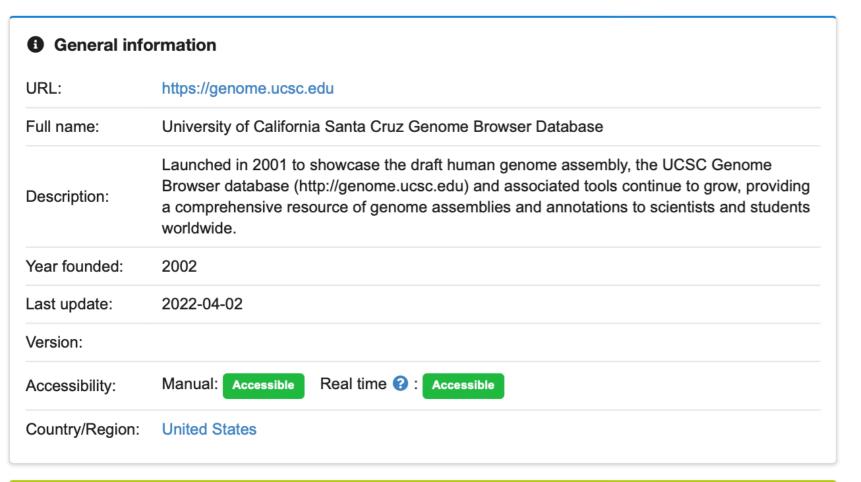
Databases we will see in more detail

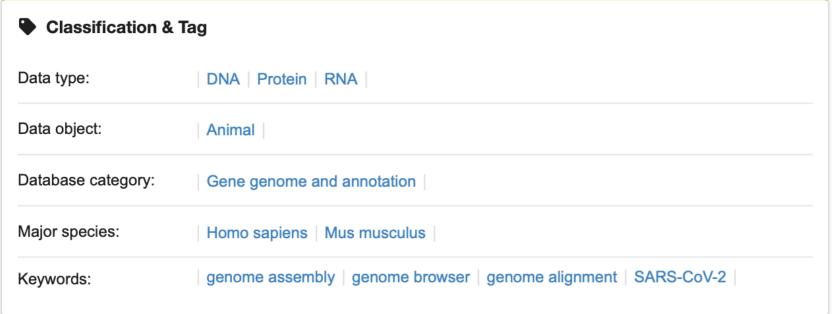
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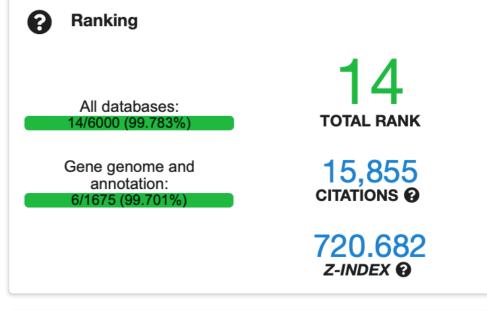
- UCSC Genome Browser
- Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes (KEGG)
- The Cancer Genome Browser (TCGA)
- cBioPortal
- The Human Protein Atlas
- Known and Predicted Protein-Protein Interactions (STRING)

UCSC Genome Browser

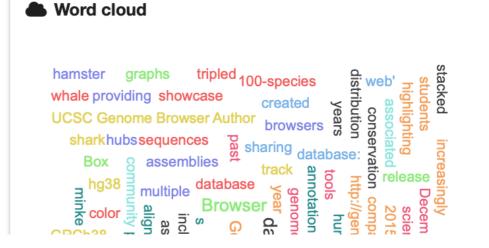
UCSC Genome Browser











UCSC Genome Browser







Genome Browser



Search genes, data, help docs and more...

Search

Tools



- Genome Browser Interactively visualize genomic data
- BLAT Rapidly align sequences to the genome
- In-Silico PCR Rapidly align PCR primer pairs to the genome
- Table Browser Download and filter data from the Genome Browser
- LiftOver Convert genome coordinates between assemblies
- REST API Returns data requested in JSON format
- Variant Annotation Integrator Annotate genomic

News

Mar. 07, 2024 - New Prediction Scores super track and BayesDel trac

Mar. 05, 2024 - New JASPAR tracks: Human (hg19/hg38) - Mouse (mr

Mar. 01, 2024 - AbSplice Prediction Scores for hg38

Feb. 21, 2024 - New DECIPHER Dosage Sensitivity tracks for Human

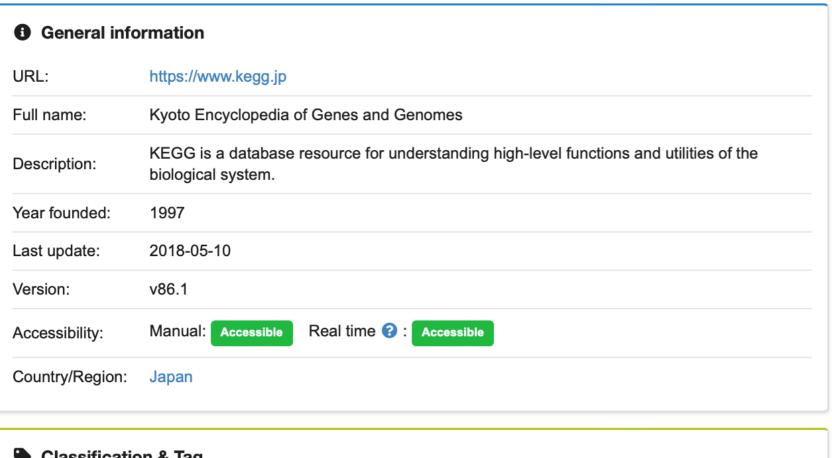
Feb. 14 2024 - New GENCODE gene tracks: V45 (hg19/hg38) - VM34 (

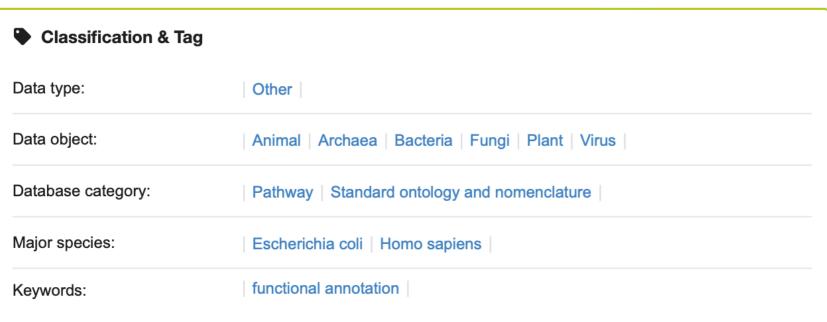
Feb. 12, 2024 - Variants of Concern SARS-CoV-2 track updated with

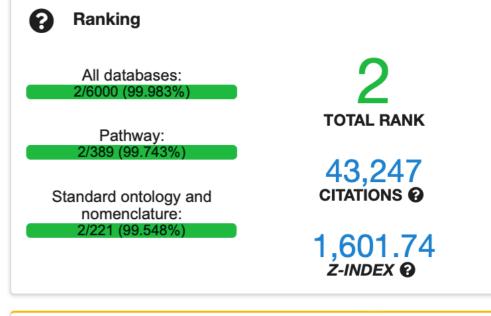
More news... Subscribe

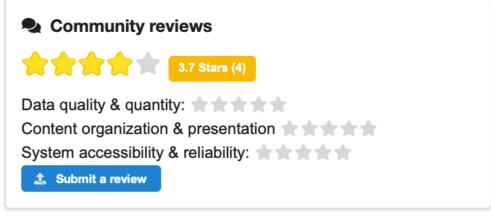
Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes (KEGG)

KEGG











Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes (KEGG)

KEGG Databases Tools Auto annotation Kanehisa Lab



KEGG Search Help

» Japanese

Pathway

Module

Network

Organism

Compound

Drug (ATC)

Virus

Brite table

KO (Function)

Disease (ICD)

Drug (Target) Antimicrobials

Brite

KEGG Home

Release notes
Current statistics

KEGG Database

KEGG overview KEGG mapping Color codes

KEGG Objects

KEGG Weblinks
Entry format

KEGG Software

KEGG API KGML

KEGG FTP

Subscription
Background info

GenomeNet

DBGET/LinkDB

Feedback

Copyright request

Kanehisa Labs

KEGG: Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes

KEGG is a database resource for understanding high-level functions and utilities of the biological system, such as the cell, the organism and the ecosystem, from molecular-level information, especially large-scale molecular datasets generated by genome sequencing and other high-throughput experimental technologies. See Release notes (April 1, 2024) for new and updated features.

New article KEGG tools for classification and analysis of viral proteins

Main entry point to the KEGG web service

KEGG2 KEGG Table of Contents [Update notes | Release history]

Data-oriented entry points

KEGG PATHWAY KEGG pathway maps

KEGG BRITE BRITE hierarchies and tables

KEGG MODULE KEGG modules

KEGG ORTHOLOGY KO functional orthologs

KEGG GENES Genes and proteins [SeqData] **KEGG GENOME** Genomes [KEGG Virus | Syntax]

KEGG COMPOUND Small molecules

KEGG GLYCAN Glycans

KEGG REACTION Biochemical reactions [RModule]

KEGG ENZYME Enzyme nomenclature

KEGG NETWORK Disease-related network variations

KEGG DISEASE Human diseases

KEGG DRUG Drugs [New drug approvals]

KEGG MEDICUS Health information resource [Drug labels search]

Organism-specific entry points

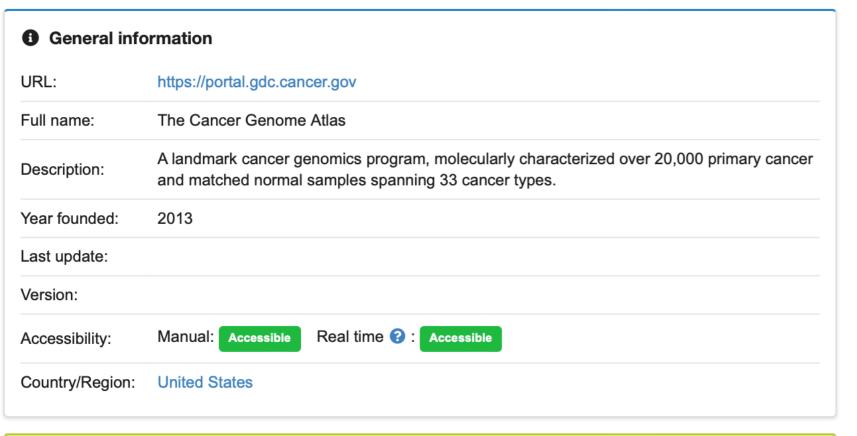
KEGG Organisms Enter org code(s)

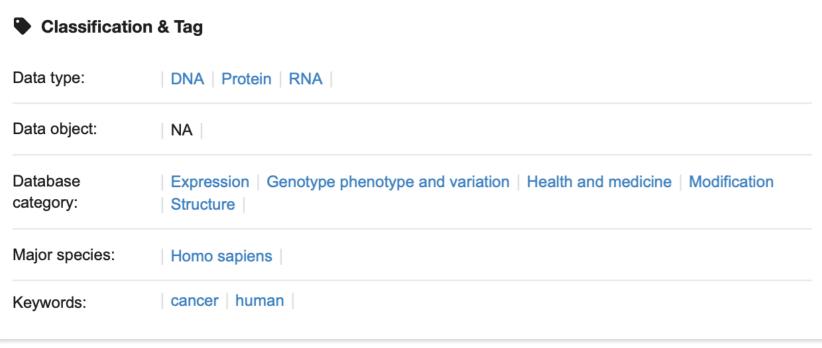
Go hsa hsa eco

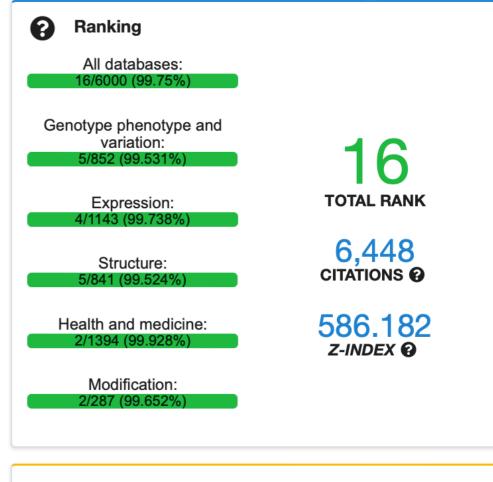
https://www.genome.jp/kegg/

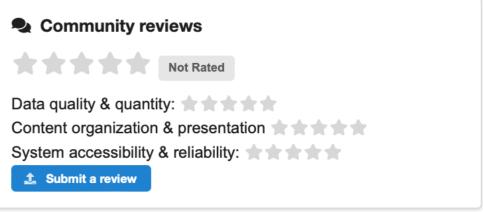
The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA)

TCGA



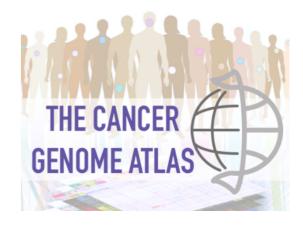


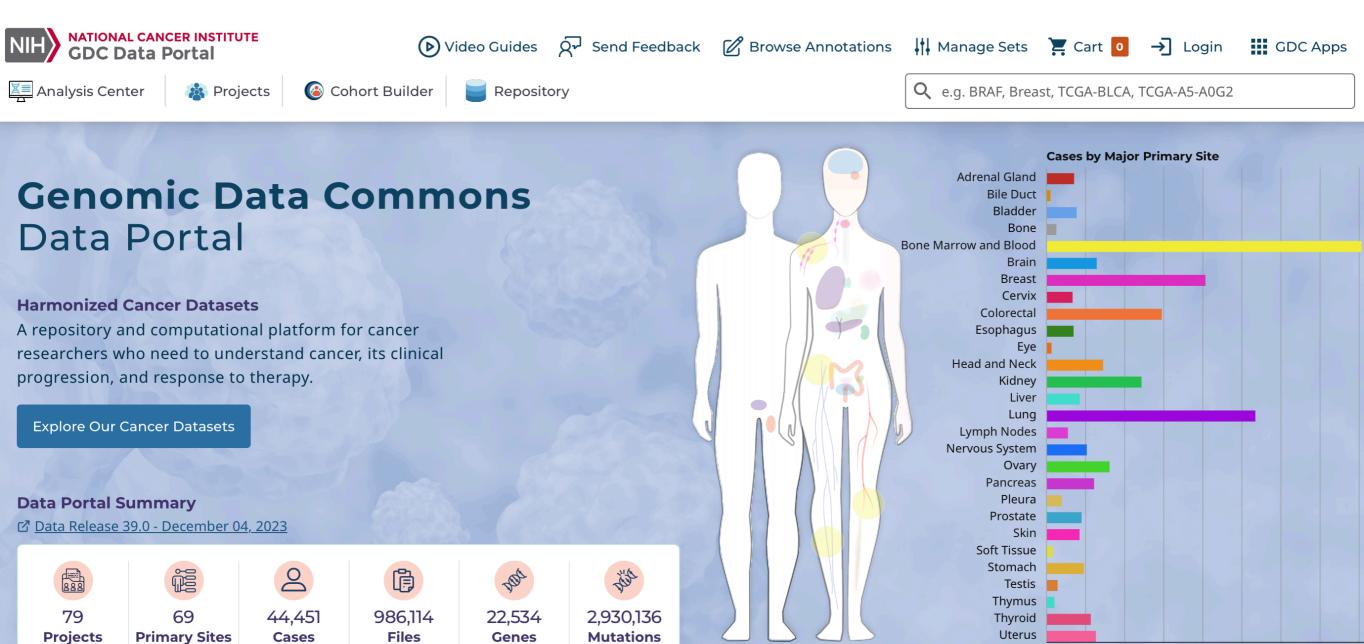






The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA)

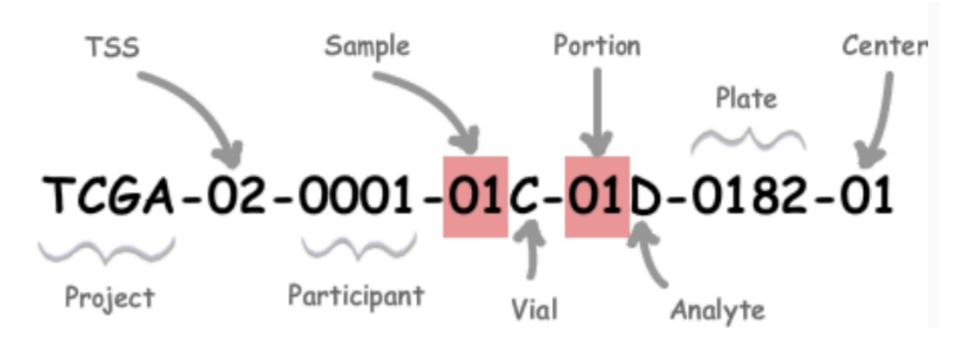


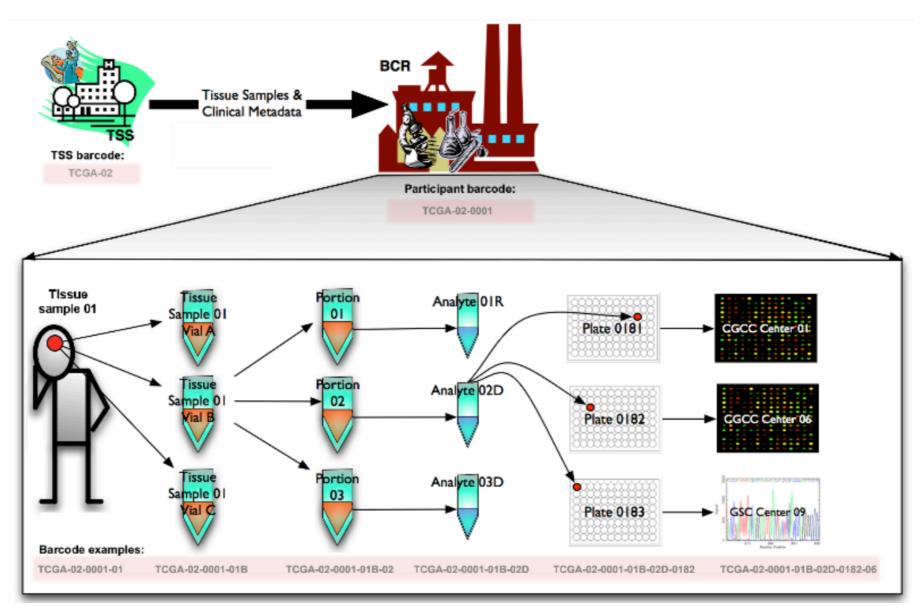


1000s of Cases

TCGA barcodes

Each sample (i.e. sequencing) presents a unique barcode that describe the patient, tissue, molecule etc.





TCGA barcodes

Label	Identifier for	Value	Value Description	Possible Values
Analyte	Molecular type of analyte for analysis	D	The analyte is a DNA sample	See Code Tables Report
Plate	Order of plate in a sequence of 96-well plates	182	The 182nd plate	4-digit alphanumeric value
Portion	Order of portion in a sequence of 100 - 120 mg sample portions	1	The first portion of the sample	01-99
Vial	Order of sample in a sequence of samples	С	The third vial	A to Z
Project	Project name	TCGA	TCGA project	TCGA
Sample	Sample type	1	A solid tumor	Tumor types range from 01 - 09, normal types from 10 - 19 and control samples from 20 - 29. See Code Tables Report for a complete list of sample codes
Center	Sequencing or characterization center that will receive the aliquot for analysis	1	The Broad Institute GCC	See Code Tables Report
Participant	Study participant	1	The first participant from MD Anderson for GBM study	Any alpha-numeric value
TSS	Tissue source site	2	GBM (brain tumor) sample from MD Anderson	See Code Tables Report

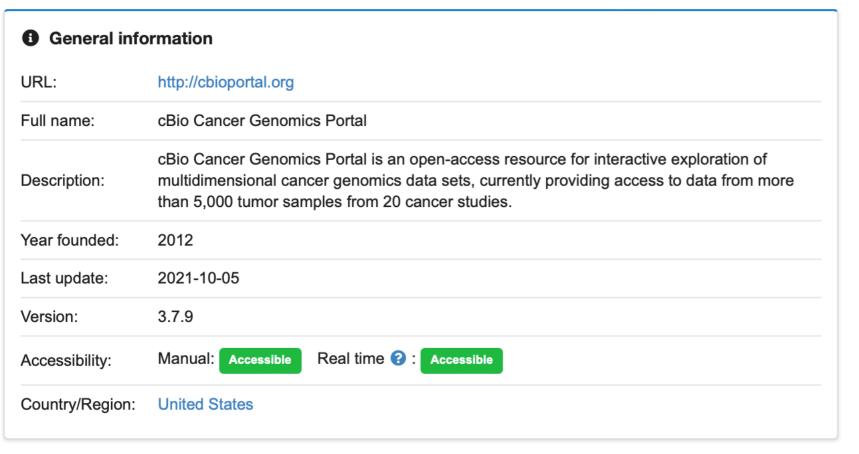
https://gdc.cancer.gov/resources-tcgausers/tcga-code-tables/tcga-studyabbreviations

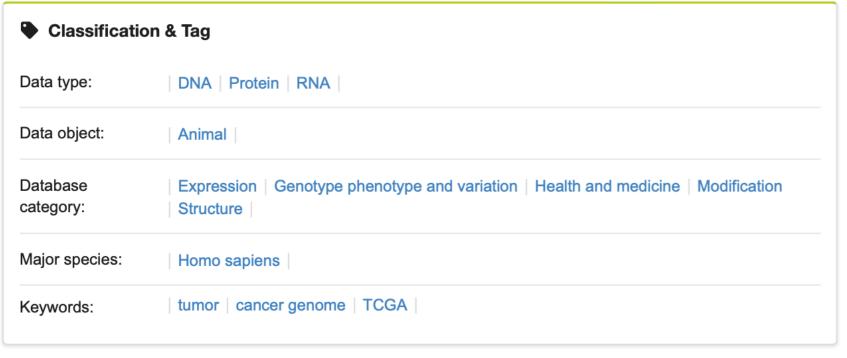
Study Abbreviation	Study Name
LAML	Acute Myeloid Leukemia
ACC	Adrenocortical carcinoma
BLCA	Bladder Urothelial Carcinoma
LGG	Brain Lower Grade Glioma
BRCA	Breast invasive carcinoma
CESC	Cervical squamous cell carcinoma and endocervical adenocarcinoma
CHOL	Cholangiocarcinoma
LCML	Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia
COAD	Colon adenocarcinoma
CNTL	Controls
ESCA	Esophageal carcinoma
FPPP	FFPE Pilot Phase II
GBM	Glioblastoma multiforme
HNSC	Head and Neck squamous cell carcinoma
KICH	Kidney Chromophobe
KIRC	Kidney renal clear cell carcinoma
KIRP	Kidney renal papillary cell carcinoma
LIHC	Liver hepatocellular carcinoma
LUAD	Lung adenocarcinoma
LUSC	Lung squamous cell carcinoma
DLBC	Lymphoid Neoplasm Diffuse Large B- cell Lymphoma
MESO	Mesothelioma
MISC	Miscellaneous
OV	Ovarian serous cystadenocarcinoma
PAAD	Pancreatic adenocarcinoma
PCPG	Pheochromocytoma and Paraganglioma
PRAD	Prostate adenocarcinoma
READ	Rectum adenocarcinoma
SARC	Sarcoma
SKCM	Skin Cutaneous Melanoma
STAD	Stomach adenocarcinoma
TGCT	Testicular Germ Cell Tumors
THYM	Thymoma
THCA	Thyroid carcinoma
UCS	Uterine Carcinosarcoma
UCEC	Uterine Corpus Endometrial Carcinoma
UVM	Uveal Melanoma

https://gdc.cancer.gov/resourcestcga-users/tcga-code-tables/ sample-type-codes

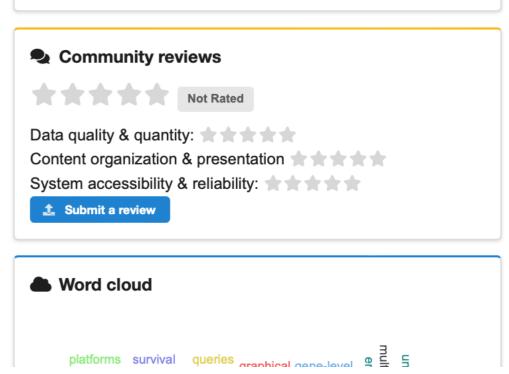
Code	Definition	Short Letter Code
01	Primary Solid Tumor	TP
02	Recurrent Solid Tumor	TR
03	Primary Blood Derived Cancer - Peripheral Blood	ТВ
04	Recurrent Blood Derived Cancer - Bone Marrow	TRBM
05	Additional - New Primary	TAP
06	Metastatic	TM
07	Additional Metastatic	TAM
08	Human Tumor Original Cells	THOC
09	Primary Blood Derived Cancer - Bone Marrow	ТВМ
10	Blood Derived Normal	NB
11	Solid Tissue Normal	NT
12	Buccal Cell Normal	NBC
13	EBV Immortalized Normal	NEBV
14	Bone Marrow Normal	NBM
15	sample type 15	15SH
16	sample type 16	16SH
20	Control Analyte	CELLC
40	Recurrent Blood Derived Cancer - Peripheral Blood	TRB
50	Cell Lines	CELL
60	Primary Xenograft Tissue	XP
61	Cell Line Derived Xenograft Tissue	XCL
99	sample type 99	99SH

cBioPortal

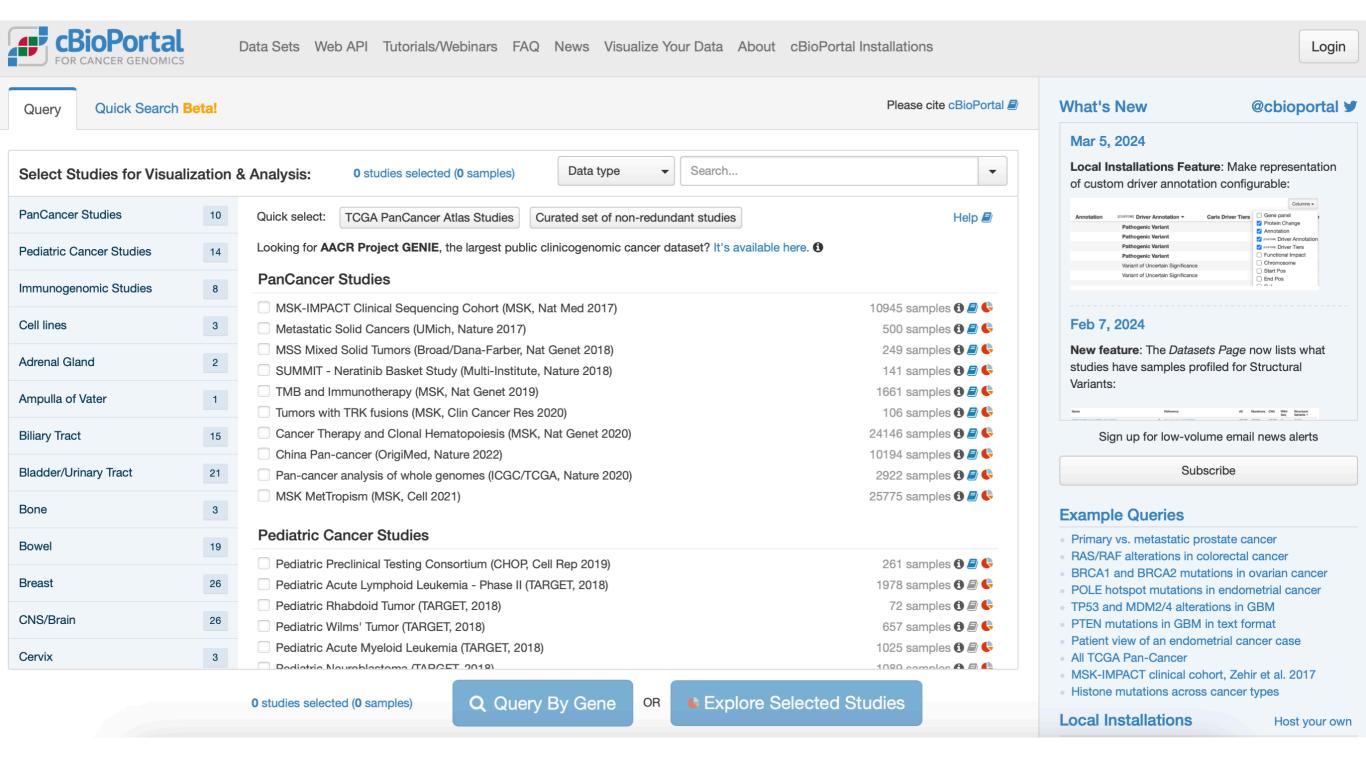






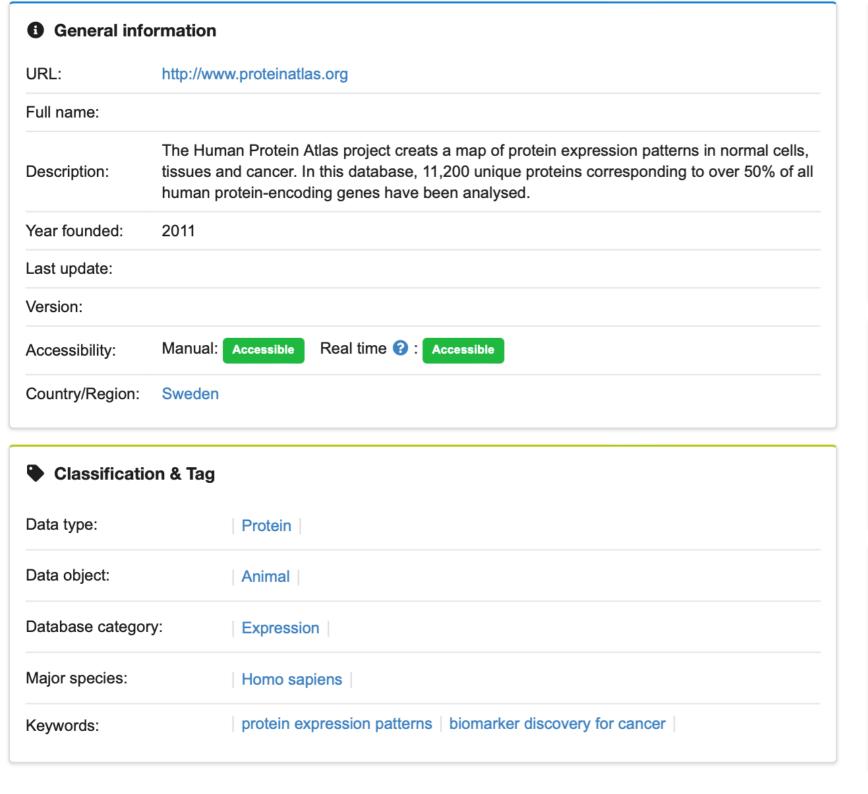


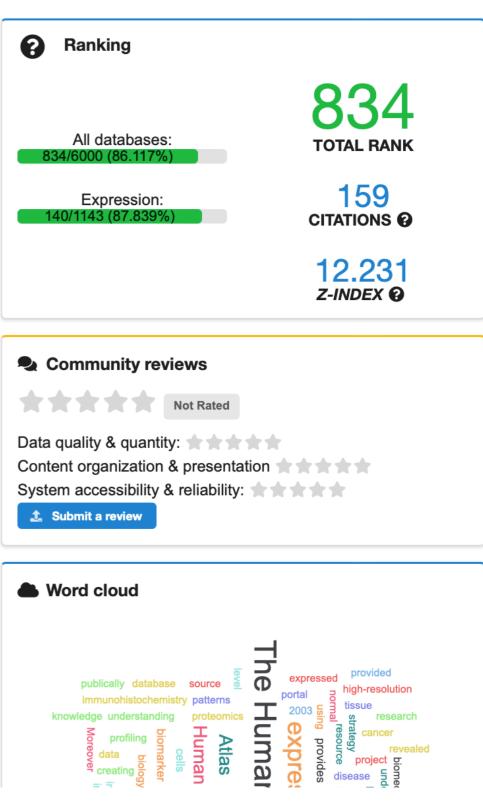
cBioPortal



The Human Protein Atlas

The Human Protein Atlas





THE HUMAN PROTEIN ATLAS

SECTIONS

AROUT

NFW

LFARI

DAT

HELI

The open access resource for human proteins

Search for specific genes/proteins or explore the 12 different sections

e.g. ACE2, GFAP, EGFR

Search helpi

Fields »

Search

lews

Young researcher awarded large grant for FTD research

The postdoc Emma Gerrits in Jan Mulders HPA related research group at KI has recently, as the youngest person ever, received a 1.2 MSEK grant from Alzheimerfonden for research on the development of Frontotemporal dementia (FTD).... Read more

read the latest article - published Wed, 13 Mar 2024

TMEM253 - a "Gene Doe" of the intestine

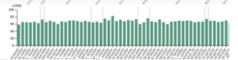
Here we want to draw some attention to one of the rather unknown but interesting genes that we have encountered, the TMEM253 gene specifically expressed in the intestine.



Wed, 6 Mar 2024

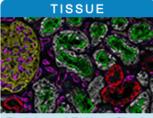
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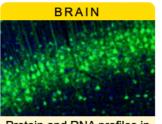
Wed, 13 Mar 2024

all news articles

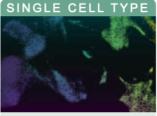


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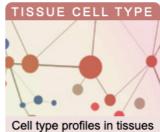
Protein and RNA profiles in tissues based on antibodies and transcriptomics



Protein and RNA profiles in brain based on microdissected regions



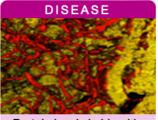
Single cell RNA profiles in tissues based on single cell RNA analysis



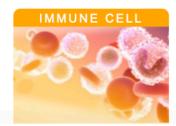
based on deconvolution of bulk transcriptomics

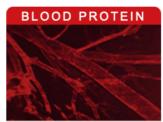


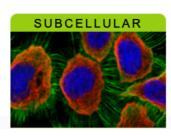
human cancers based on antibodies and transcriptomics

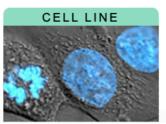


Protein levels in blood in patients with diseases

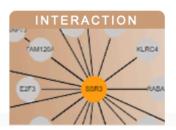






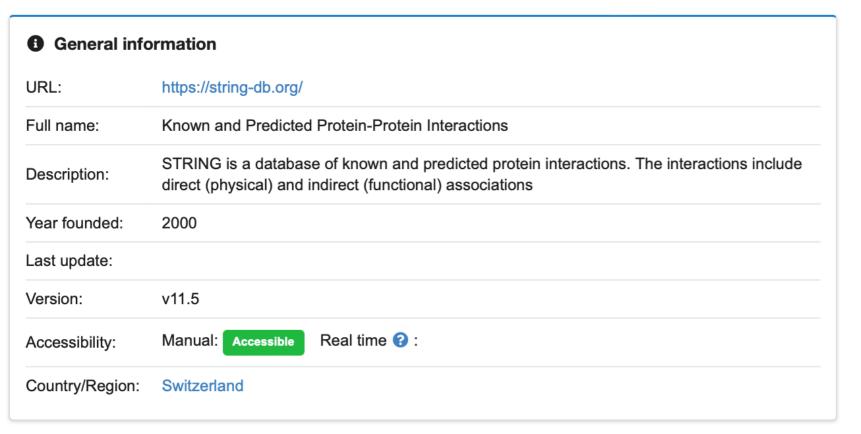


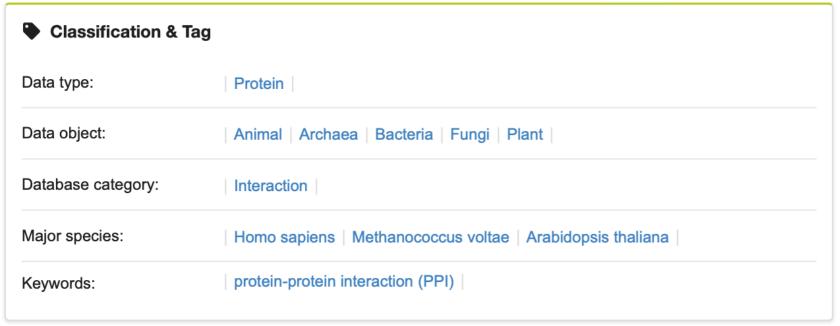


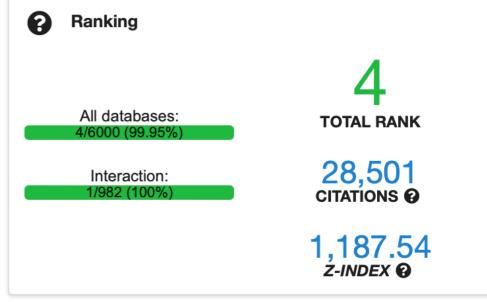


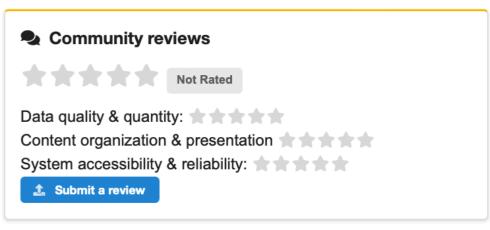
STRING

STRING











STRING

1. Go to:

https://string-db.org/cgi/input? sessionId=buUIHtE4Ehj7&input page active form=multiple identifiers

2. Copy and paste the following gene names in the "List of names" panel:

FOXA1

AR

MYC

HOXB13

KRAS

TP53

NRAS

HRAS

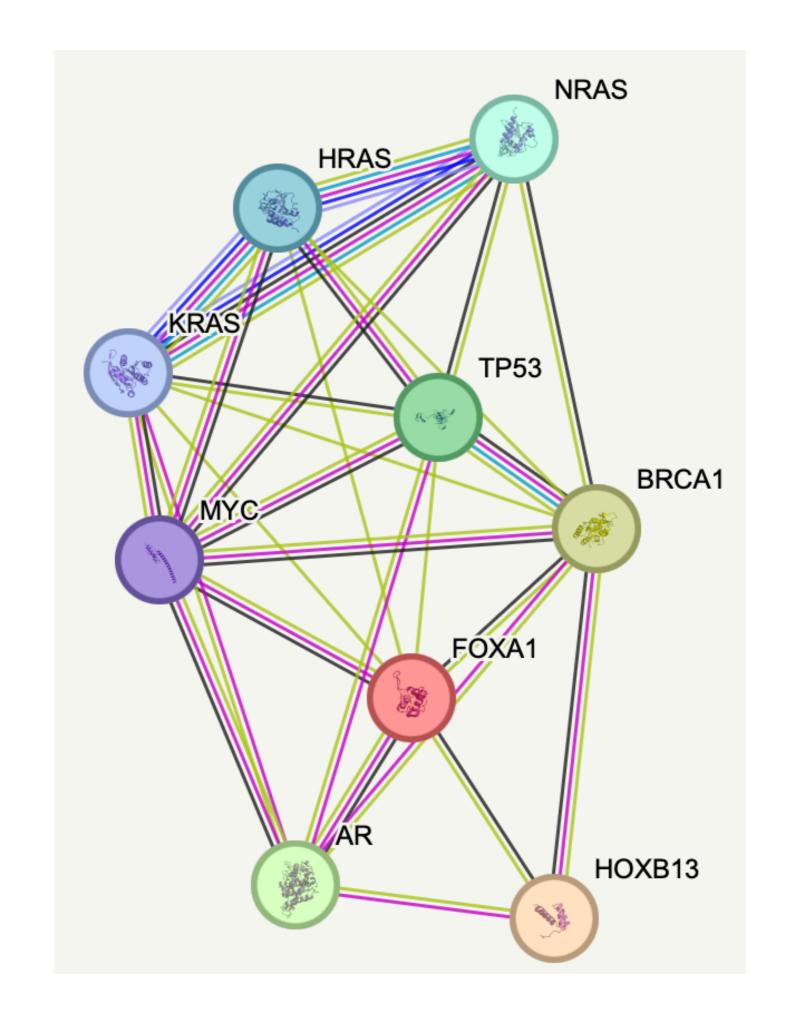
NCOR

BRCA1

3. Choose the organism "Homo sapiens"

STRING

4. Explore the result



R packages associated to databases

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/data/annotation/html/UCSCRepeatMasker.html

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/data/experiment/html/msigdb.html

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/cBioPortalData.html

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/TCGAbiolinks.html

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/hpar.html

https://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/STRINGdb.html

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